



SESSION II- Rising Tide:

Navigating the Future of Asian Coastal Cities

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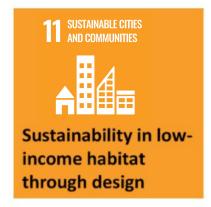
Research domain







This vertical informs the SDG3. We investigate how building design effects health and well-being in resource constrained settings.



This vertical informs the SDG11. We derive data-driven solutions for vulnerable communities to tackle problems of climate change: heat island effects, flooding, for climate sensitive urban planning.



This vertical informs the SDG7. We use state-of-the-art building simulations and experimental methods to derive demand side energy efficient solutions.



This vertical informs the SDG5. We aim gender mainstreaming through participatory housing design for sustainability.







data-driven built environment design



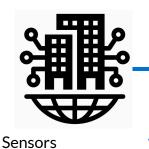


DESIGN DOLICY

Innovative <u>datasets</u>









Zero-carbo

Environment

Human-centric datasets









Perception to health

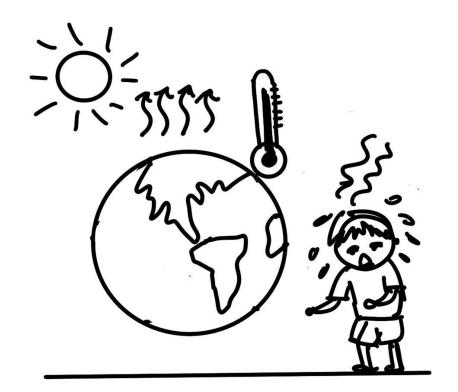
risks

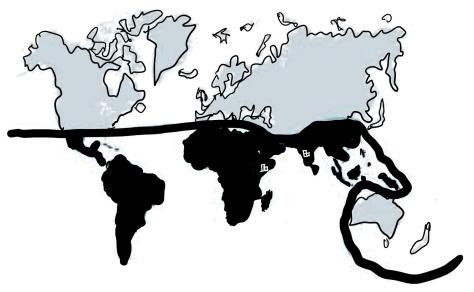


Efficient



2 great challenges



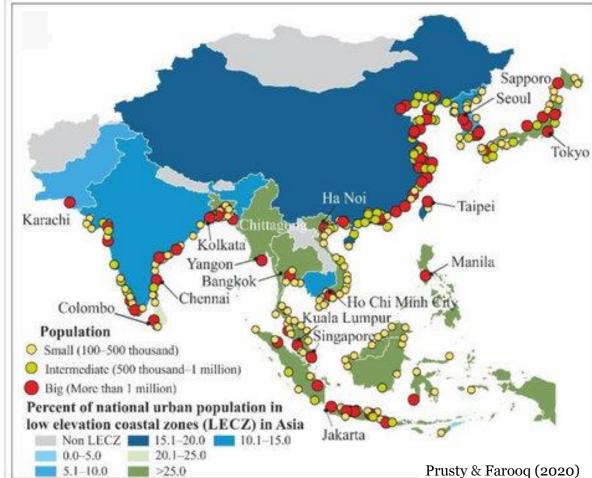








Asian Cities at Ris









Heat Stress

PLOS CLIMATE









below 26 (Low Risk)
27 - 32 (Caution)
33 - 41 (Extreme Caution)
42 - 54 (Danger)
55 - 70 (Extreme Danger)

90% of India in heatwave 'danger zone': Study shows extreme weather threatening country's progress, 480 million lives It will decline work capacity by 15% GDP by 2.8% till 2050.







(Debnath and Bardhan, 2023)

1.000 km

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India-Mumbai - Cooling Potential of cities



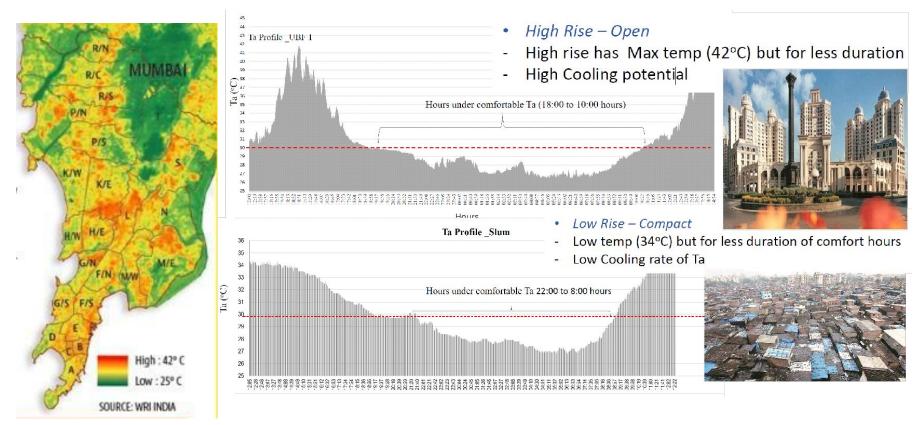


		Urban form Typology			Description		
		Footprint	Representative 3d view	Sectional view	-		
TENGER	UFT 0	1 1 1 1 7 1 7 1 1 7 1 1 7 1 1 7 1 1 7 1 1 7 1		=>< 24m	high-rise compact type with high aspect ratio (i.e height of building \geq distance between buildings). Height of the buildings are $=/<24m$.		
Mumbai	UFT1	× × × **		>24 m	high-rise open type with low aspect ratio (i.e height of building ≤ distance between buildings). Height of the buildings are >24m.		
-9420-	U F T 2			≤ 5 m	low-rise compact type informal settlements commonly known as $slums$ with extremely low aspect ratio. Height of the buildings are $\leq 5\text{m}$		
Legend Builtup area 0 175 35 7 Kooredon 10 176 35 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	UFT3			10 - 12 m	mid-rise open type representing the low-income social housing. Height of the buildings are in between $10m\leq12m$.		
UNIVERSITY OF Sustainable Design	UFT4			≤ 24n	mid-rise compact type with extremely low aspect ratio. These were developed for the low-income group under slum rehabilitation policy. Height of the buildings are $\leq 24m$.		

Thermal response of the urban forms









Mehrotra, S., **Bardhan, R.,** & Ramamritham, K. (2019). Urban form as policy variable for climate-sensitive area planning under heterogeneity: a geographically weighted regression approach. <u>Area Development and Policy</u>. <u>https://doi.org/10.1080/23792949.2019.1609368</u>

Heat Stress in different building archetypes





				The second se	
Temp	High	High	High	High	Low
Cooling Potential	Low	Low	Low	Low	High
Humidex	Low	High	Low	High	High
HSRI	Low	Medium	Low	High	Medium

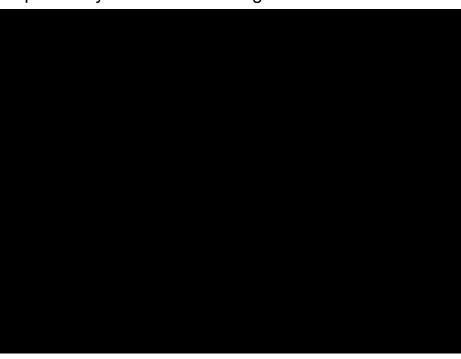


Asian Coastal Cities - Heat Stress

GLOBAL COASTAL CITIES Summit 2023



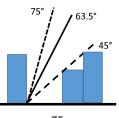
Across Global South Slums are being replaced by affordable housing

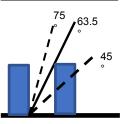


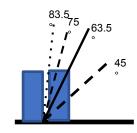
National Building Code

NBC for High rise buildings

Low-income buildings



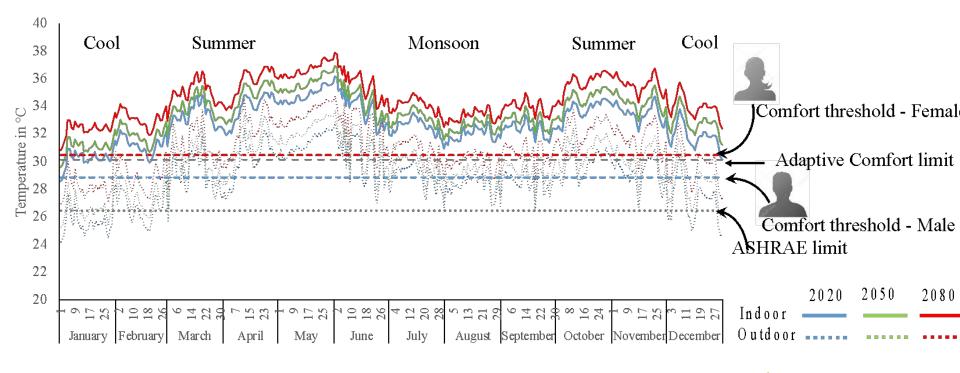








Predicting for future: Under climate change scenario RCP 8.5









Land Projected To Be Below **Annual Flood Level In 2050**











Climate and Nature Climate Change

SDG 13: Climate Action

Rate of sea-level rise doubles in a decade, and the other nature and climate news you need to read this week

